

# Using Q-PCR and Host-Specific *Bacteroides* 16S rRNA Molecular Markers to Quantify Sources of Fecal Contamination in a Reclaimed Water Irrigation Pond



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# Pacana Park

**Maricopa, Arizona: Population growth from < 2,000 in 1999 to 33,000 in 2007**



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**Maricopa, Arizona: Population growth from < 2,000 in 1999 to 33,000 in 2007**

**Pacana Park: 19-acre recreational area**

**Irrigation is 100% tertiary-treated municipal effluent**

**Pond: stocked for recreational fishing (Tilapia, catfish)**

**Monitoring: twice monthly since September 2006**



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## Fecal Bacteria Over 12-Month Period

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*E. coli*  
(CFU 100 mL<sup>-1</sup>)

Sampling  
Period

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Pond

Irrigation

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Fall 2006

NM

NM

Winter 2007

17

7

Spring 2007

18

9

Summer 2007

12

9

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## Fecal Bacteria Over 12-Month Period

| Sampling Period | <i>E. coli</i><br>(CFU 100 mL <sup>-1</sup> ) |            | <i>Salmonella</i> sp.<br>(CFU 100 mL <sup>-1</sup> ) |                       |
|-----------------|---|------------|--|-----------------------|
|                 | Pond  | Irrigation | Pond   | Irrigation            |
| Fall 2006       | NM  | NM         | 2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>                                | 2.1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> |
| Winter 2007     | 17  | 7          | 1.7 x 10 <sup>4</sup>                                | 0.9 x 10 <sup>4</sup> |
| Spring 2007     | 18  | 9          | 1.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup>                                | 1.7 x 10 <sup>4</sup> |
| Summer 2007     | 12  | 9          | 2.1 x 10 <sup>4</sup>                                | 1.3 x 10 <sup>6</sup> |

# Source Tracking Using Host-Specific *Bacteroides* 16s rRNA Molecular Markers

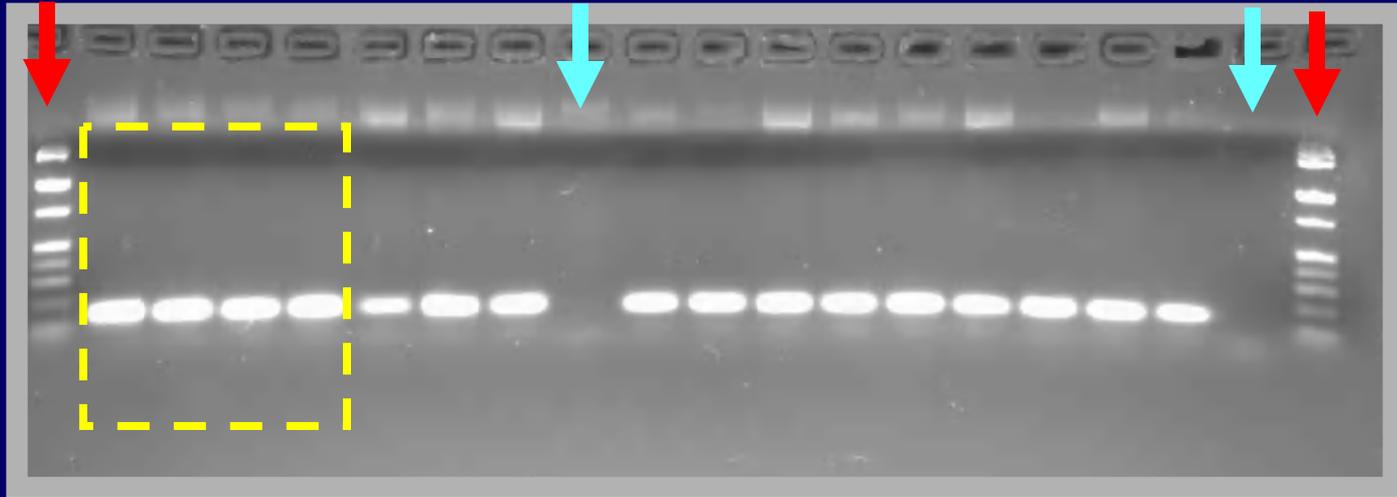
Genus *Bacteroides*: exclusively found in feces, rumens, and other cavities of humans and other animals

16s rRNA genetic markers have been applied to evaluate host-specific fecal pollution

Layton et al. (2006) *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*, 72: 4214-4224

AllBac and HuBac: Taq-man probe assay

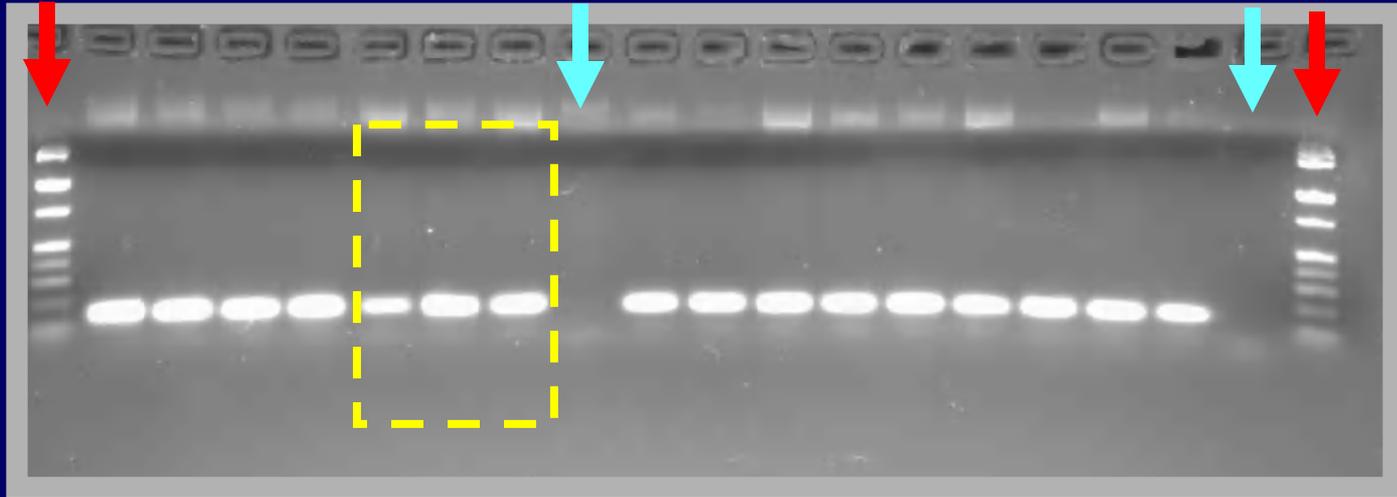
# Results: AllBac Primers



Expected size: 106 bp

Tested vs: Human, **Fish, Dog, Bird, Bovine**

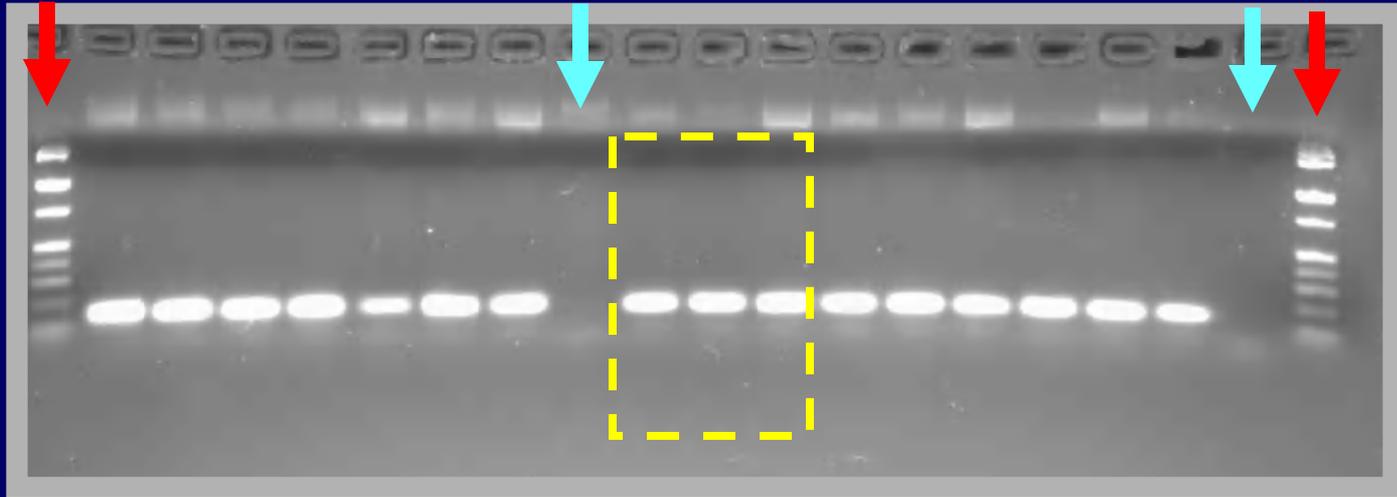
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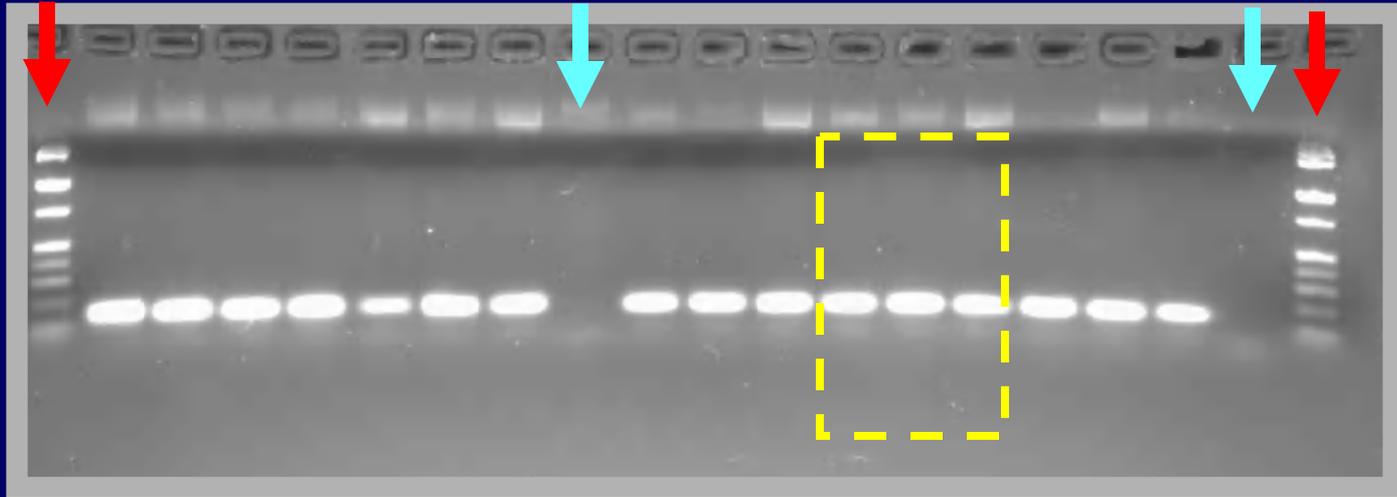
# Results: AllBac Primers



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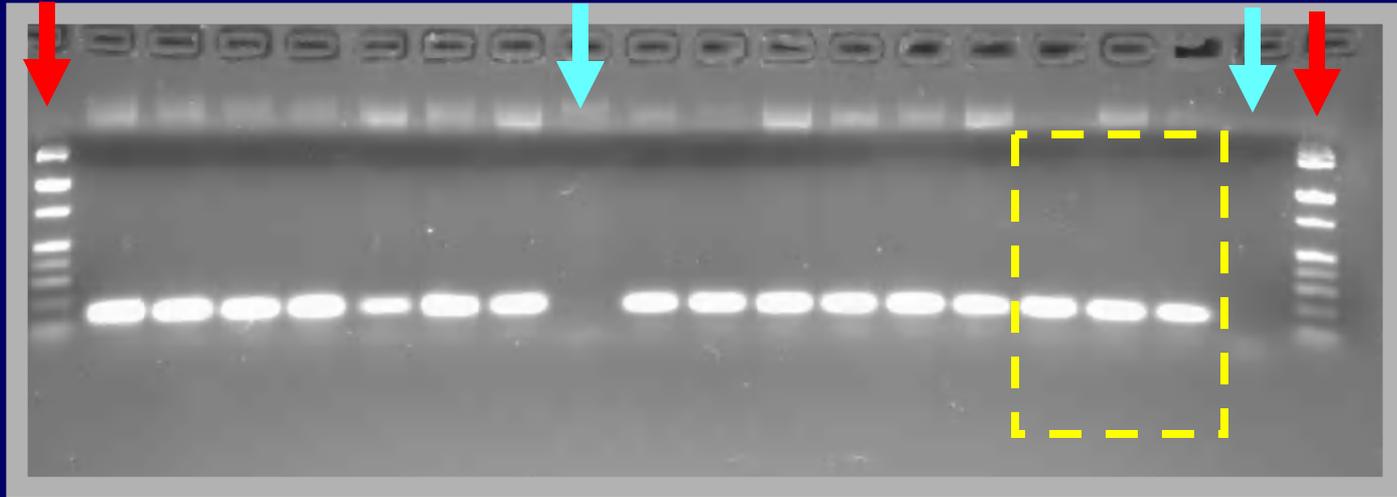
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# Results: AllBac Primers



Expected size: 106 bp

Tested vs: **Human, Fish, Dog, Bird, Bovine**

Standard Curve with each potential source:

$r^2 > 0.995$ , slope  $-0.30$  to  $-0.33$

## All Bacteroides, Spring 2006

Probe Targets 100 mL<sup>-1</sup>

Sampling  
Date

Pond

Irrigation

March 01

$3.0 \times 10^6$

$9.6 \times 10^5$

March 29

$1.5 \times 10^7$

$1.5 \times 10^6$

April 26

$8.7 \times 10^6$

$1.1 \times 10^6$

May 27

$4.5 \times 10^5$

< LD

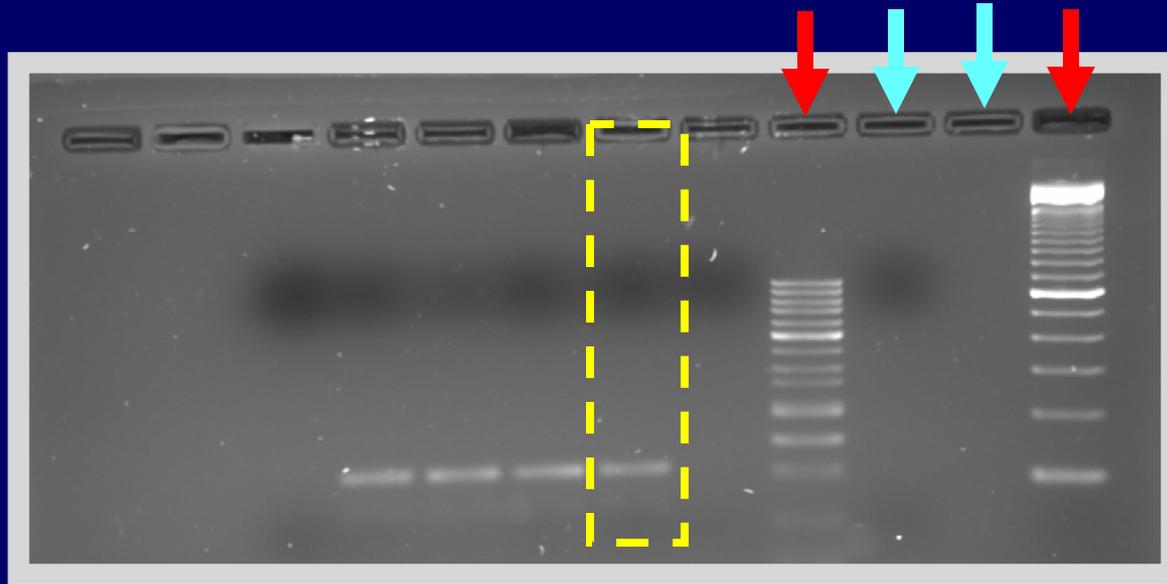
June 20

$1.5 \times 10^6$

$4.2 \times 10^5$

Limit of detection:  $5.8 \times 10^4$  targets 100 mL<sup>-1</sup>

# Results: HuBac Primers



Expected size: 116 bp

Tested: Human, **Bird, Dog, Fish**

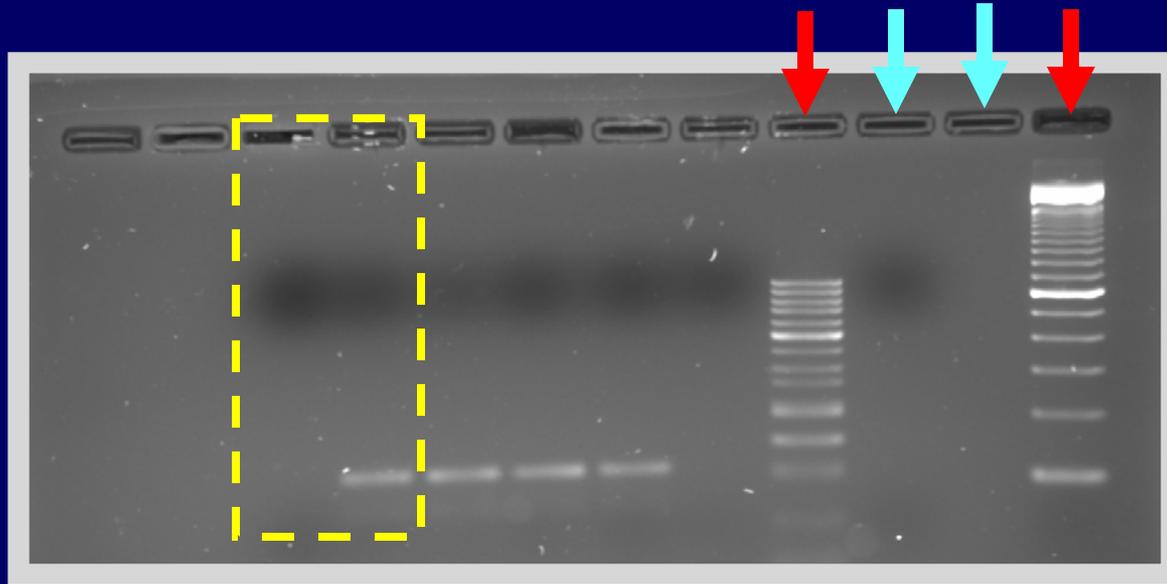
# Results: HuBac Primers



Expected size: 116 bp

Tested: **Human**, Bird, **Dog**, **Fish**

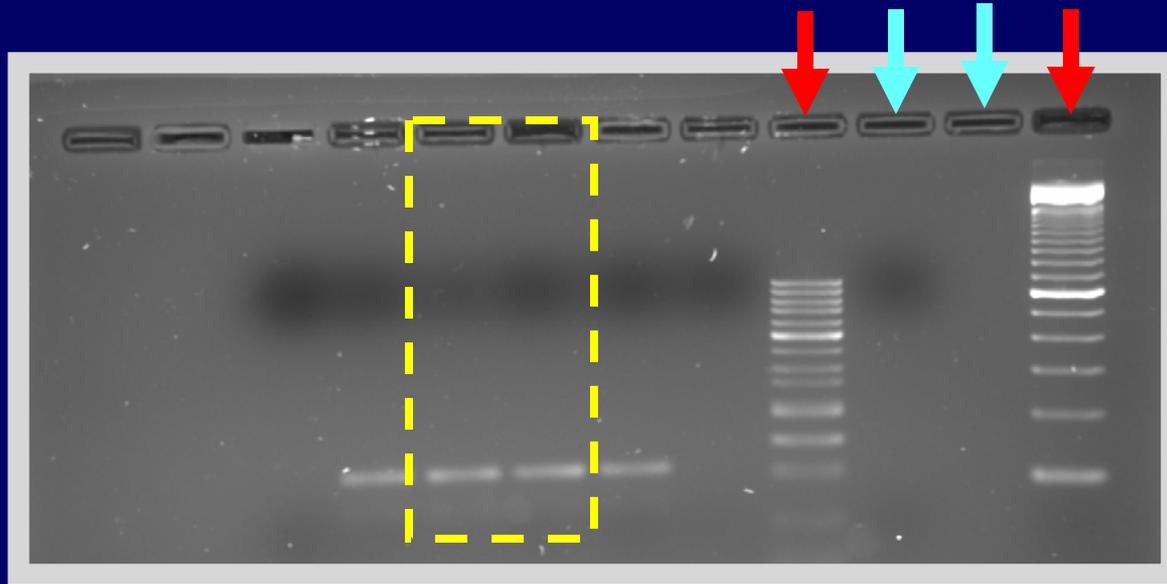
# Results: HuBac Primers



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Expected size: 116 bp

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# Human vs. Fish (Tilapia): Cloning and DNA sequencing

|                      |   |                                |        |             |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTGTTGCACTCAAGGTCGCCAGTATCAACTGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACAACCTGACTTA | ACAAC  | Human Feces |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTGTTGCACTCAAGGTCGCCAGTATCAACTGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACAACCTGACTTA | CAAC   |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTGTTGCACTCAAGGTCGCCAGTATCAACTGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACAACCTGACTTA | ACAAC  |             |
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| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTACTGTACTCAAGACACCCAGTATCAACTGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACAACCTGACTTA | AAGCGT |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | GCCTCTACTGTACTCAAGACACCCAGTATCAACTGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACAACCTGACTTA | AGCGT  |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTACTGTACTCAAGTTCGCCAGTTTCAATGGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | ACAAA  | Fish Feces  |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTACTGTACTCAAGTTCGCCAGTTTCAATGGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | CAAA   |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTACTGTACTCAAGTTCATCAGTTTCAATGGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | ACAAA  |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCGTTTACACTCAAGTTTATCAGTTTCAATGGCAATTTTCCGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | CAAA   |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCGTTTACACTCAAGTCTATCAGTTTCAATGGCAATTTTCCGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | CAAG   |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCGTTTACACTCAAGTCTATCAGTTTCAATAGGCATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | CAAA   |             |
| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCGTTTACACTCAAGTCTATCAGTTTCAATGGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACCACTGACTTA  | CAAA   |             |

**Hubac primer** (indicated by a red dashed box on the left)

**TaqMan Hubac probe** (indicated by a red dashed box on the right)

Exact matches of HuBac primer and probe to human  
and fish fecal DNA

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| CTACACCACGAATTCCGCCT | ACCTCTGTTGCACTCAAGGTCGCCAGTATCAACTGCAATTTTACGGT | TGAGCCGCAAACCTTTCACAACCTGACTTA | ACAAC  |             |
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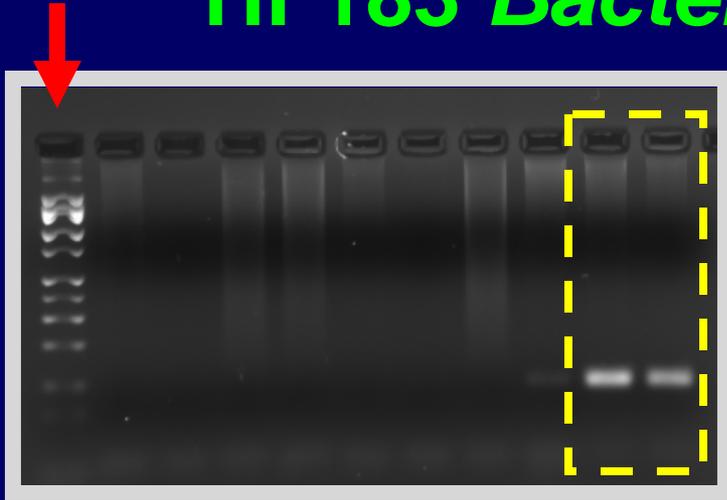
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**TaqMan Hubac probe** (indicated by a red dashed box on the right)

Exact matches of HuBac primer and probe to human  
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Q-PCR results with HuBac?

# SYBR Green Assay: Human-specific HF183 *Bacteroides* 16S rRNA\*



Amplicon: 82 bp

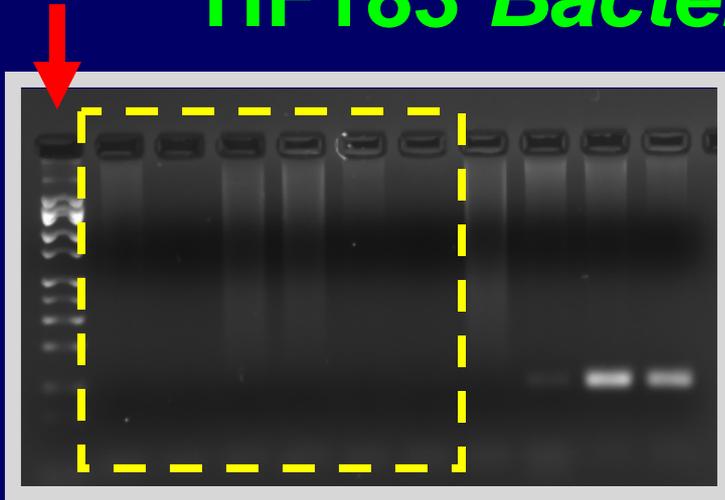
Tested: Human, **Bird, Bovine,**  
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\*Seurinck et al. (2005)

*Environmental Microbiology*

7(2):249-259

# SYBR Green Assay: Human-specific HF183 *Bacteroides* 16S rRNA\*

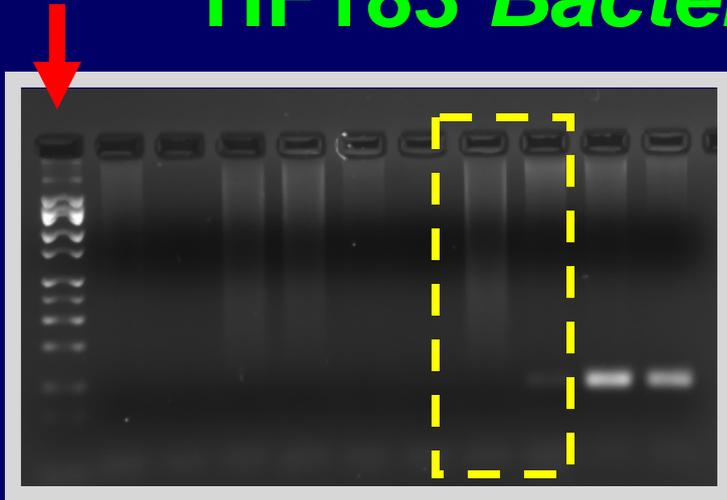


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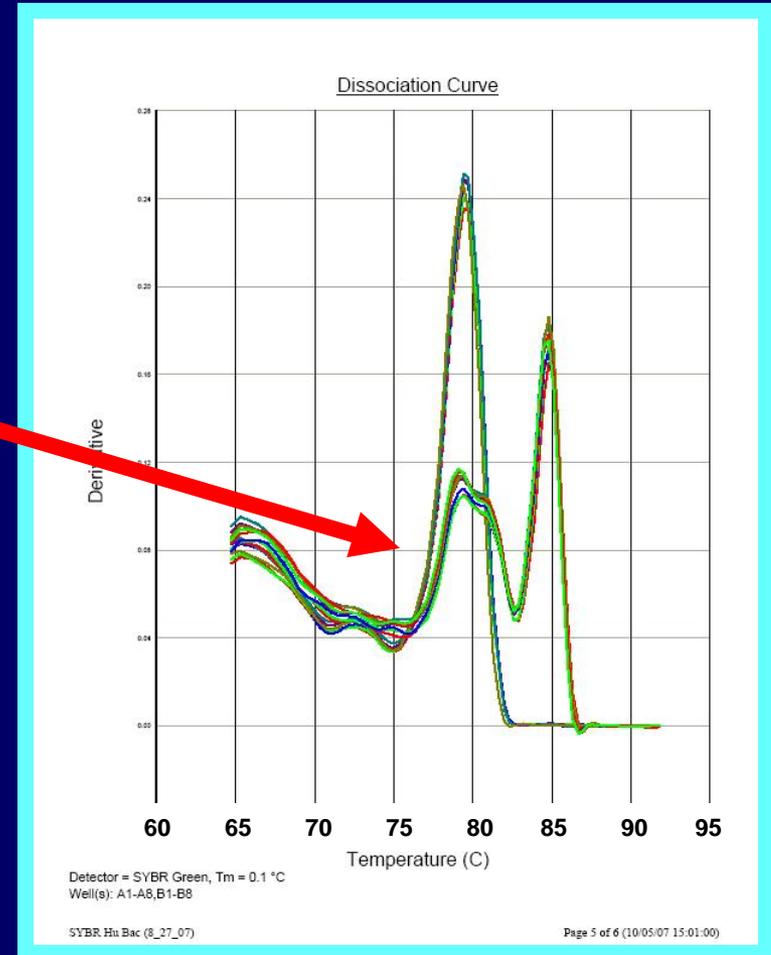
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Melting Temp (Human): 78.4° C

## Human Bacteroides, Spring 2006

| Sampling Date | <i>Bacteroides</i> Markers 100 mL <sup>-1</sup> |                       |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|
|               | Pond  | Irrigation            |
| March 01      | 3.4 x 10 <sup>2</sup>                           | 2.1 x 10 <sup>2</sup> |
| March 29      | 1.0 x 10 <sup>3</sup>                           | 3.4 x 10 <sup>1</sup> |
| April 26      | 8.8 x 10 <sup>1</sup>                           | 6.6 x 10 <sup>2</sup> |
| May 27        | 3.1 x 10 <sup>2</sup>                           | ND                    |
| June 20       | 9.8 x 10 <sup>1</sup>                           | ND                    |

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| May 27        | 3.1 x 10 <sup>2</sup>                           | ND                    |
| June 20       | 9.8 x 10 <sup>1</sup>                           | ND                    |

Limit of detection: 2.2 x 10<sup>6</sup> markers 100 mL<sup>-1</sup>

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**An excellent example of the extreme importance of testing all known possible fecal inputs for non-target amplification in Q-PCR source tracking studies**

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**An excellent example of the extreme importance of testing all known possible fecal inputs for non-target amplification in Q-PCR source tracking studies**

**Limit of detection for Taq-Man probe PCR = 2 orders of magnitude lower than SYBR green real-time PCR**

**Solution: fish-specific primers and probe\***

\* Kabiri-badr et al., American Society for Microbiology General Meeting, Boston, MA, June 1-5, 2008

# Acknowledgements



**Dr. Channah Rock  
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**Dr. Alice Layton  
University of Tennessee**

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Global Water Corporation, LLC**