



Assessing Tillage Induced Ephemeral Gully Erosion in the Cheney Lake Watershed Using GIS, TIEGEM and the AnnAGNPS Model

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Special “Thank You” to Ming-chieh Lee – Ks State Univ.

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San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter
San Antonio, TX



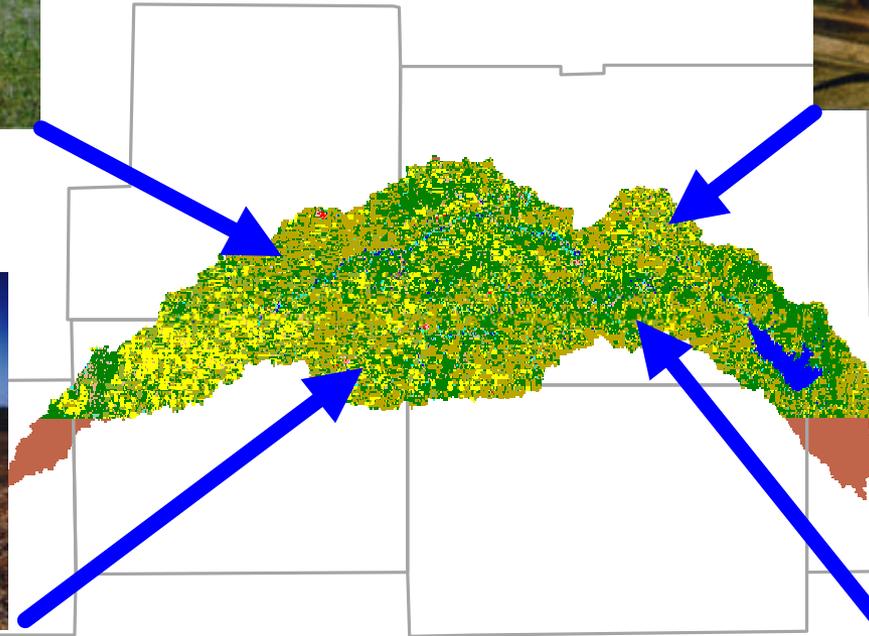


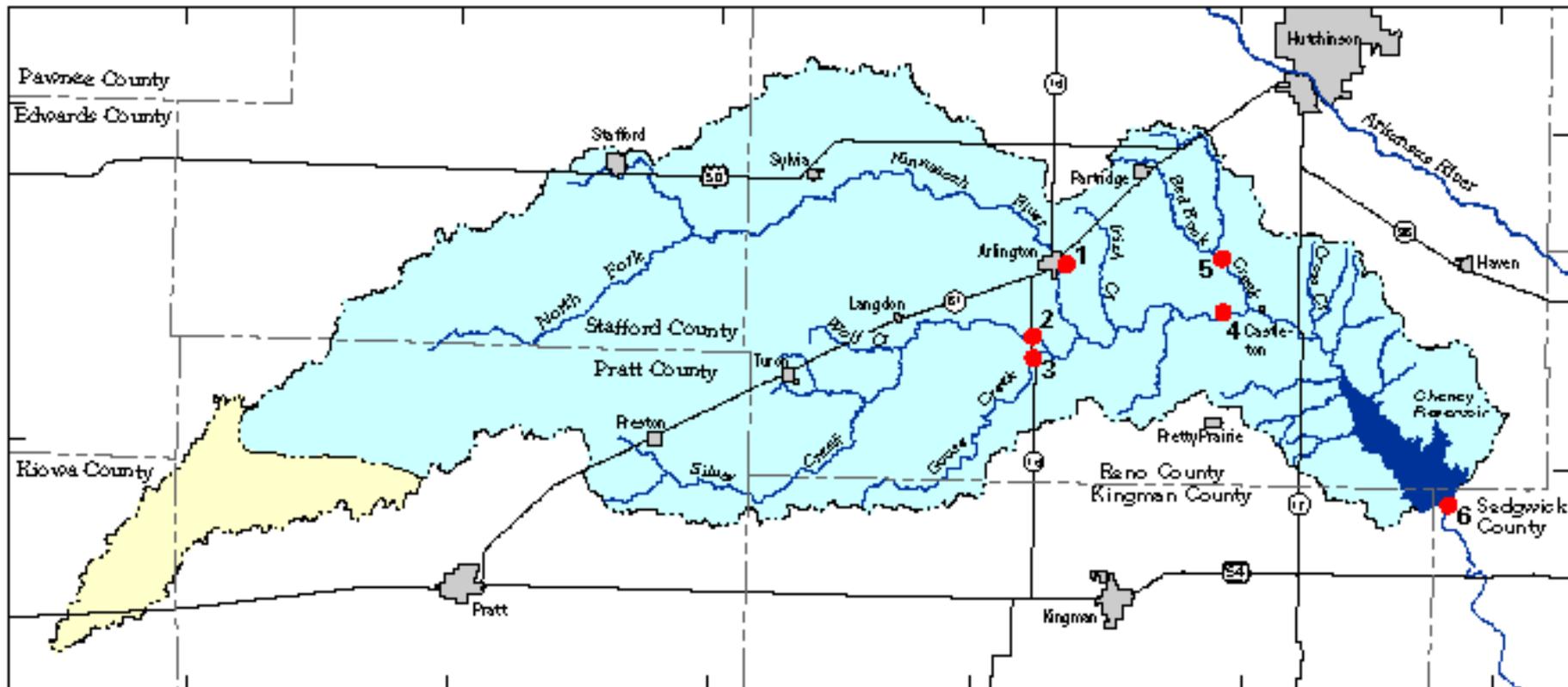
Ephemeral Gully Equation

$$\frac{(A+B) \times D \times L \times W}{2 \times 2000 \times Y} = T$$

Ephemeral Gully vs. S&R (from USDA-NRCS. 1997)

STATE	SHEET & RILL (S&R) [Kg/m ² /y]	EPHEMERAL GULLY (EG) [Kg/m ² /y]	EG / (S&R+EG) [%]
Alabama	0.573	0.342	37.4
Delaware	0.038	0.093	71.0
Illinois	0.261	0.191	42.2
Iowa	0.353	0.110	23.8
Kansas	0.807	0.294	26.7
Louisiana	0.654	0.222	25.3
Maine	0.412	0.189	31.4
Maryland	0.195	0.147	43.0
Michigan	0.172	0.045	20.7
Mississippi	0.646	0.275	29.9

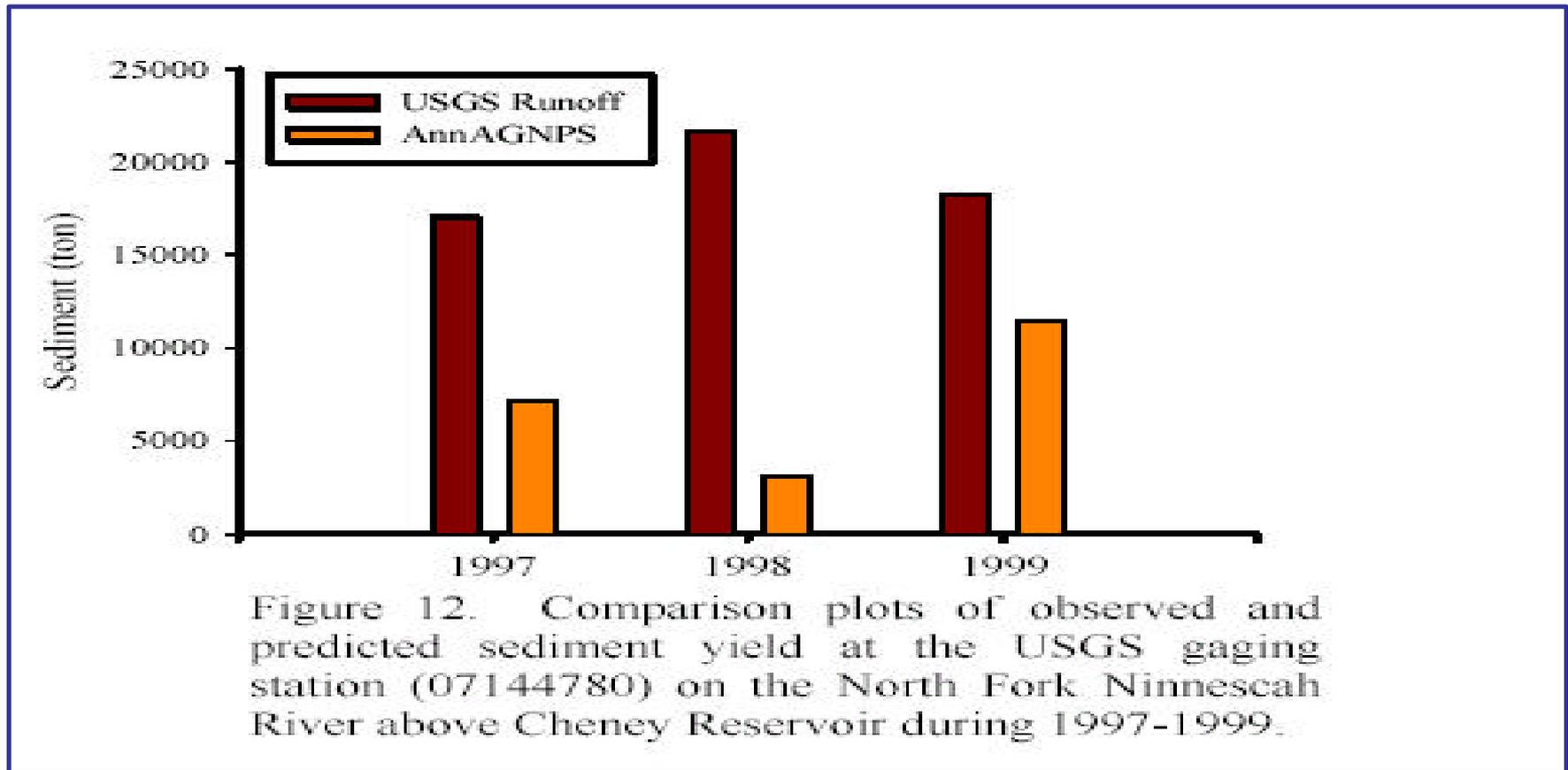




- Site #1 – West Ninescaw
- Site #2 – Silver Creek
- Site #3 – Goose Creek
- Site #4 – USGS Gage Site
- Site #5 – Red Rock Creek



Sediment Load, 1997-99

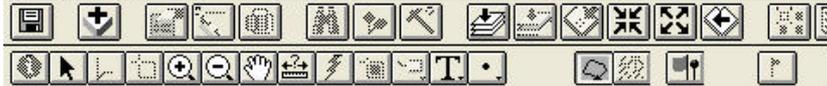


Rill Erosion

- **Persistence in Time:** Erased by tillage, usually do not reform in the same place
- **Size:** Smaller than Ephemerals
- **Cross Sectional Area:** Less than 1 ft² , narrow relative to depth
- **Flow Pattern;** Small disconnected parallel channels uniformly spaced and sized
- **Topographic Location:** On Smooth side slopes above drainageways
- **Nature of Erosion:** Soil is removed in shallow channels, annual tillage causes soil to become thinner over entire slope

Tillage Induced Ephemeral Gully Erosion

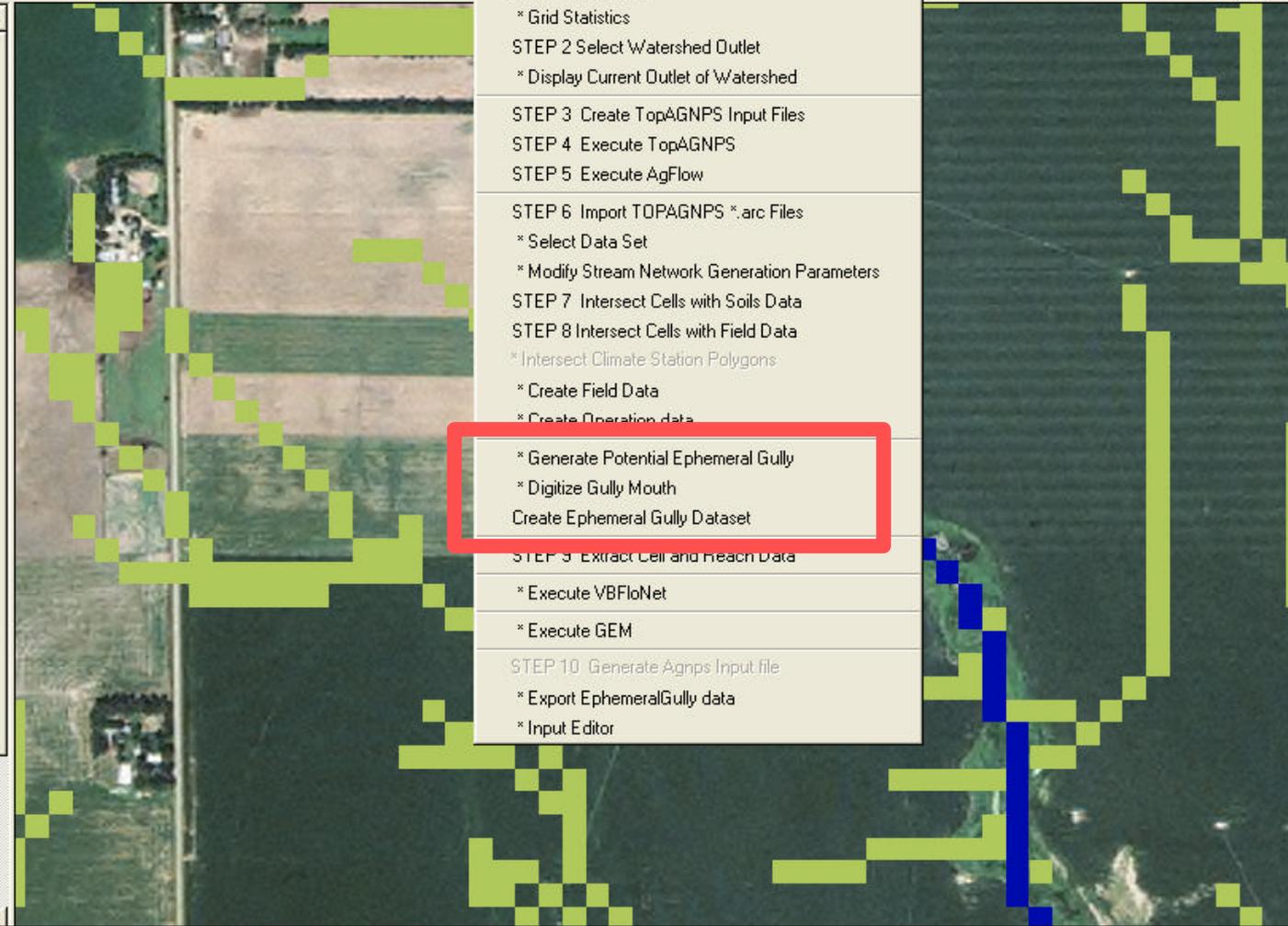
- **Persistence in Time:** Temporary features obscured by tillage, reform in the same location
- **Size:** Larger than rills and smaller than permanent gullies
- **Cross Sectional Area:** Greater than 1 ft², Wide relative to depth
- **Flow Pattern:** Convergence of overland flow influenced by tillage, crop rows, terraces or other unnatural features
- **Topographic Locations:** Shallow drainage ways upstream from incised channels
- **Nature of Erosion:** Soil is removed along a narrow flow path to a depth of a less-erodible layer, soil is moved into the voided area from adjacent land by tillage, damaging an area wider than the eroded channel



Scale 1:7,722 583,964.67 4,201,213.49

View1

- Regem_baseline_ege_091
- Wslu97_nrcs.shp
- REGEM_BI_2-110_ege.sh
- PotentialEG:1111
 - 1
 - No Data
- Huc.shp
- REGEM_BI_111-180_ege.
- REGEM_BI_181-275_ege.
- REGEM_BI_276-500_ege.
- REGEM_BI_501-1150_ege.
- REGEM_BI_1151-1275_ege.
- REGEM_BI_1276-1350_ege.
- Pont_slope_Gext1
- Ntgood
- Netw
- Subwta.shp
- Naip_1-1_2n_s_ks155_20
- Demfdrl
- Demfac1
- Gext1
- BI_2-110_ege.shp
- BI_111-180_ege.shp
- BI_181-275_ege.shp
- BI_276-500_ege.shp
- BI_501-1150_ege.shp

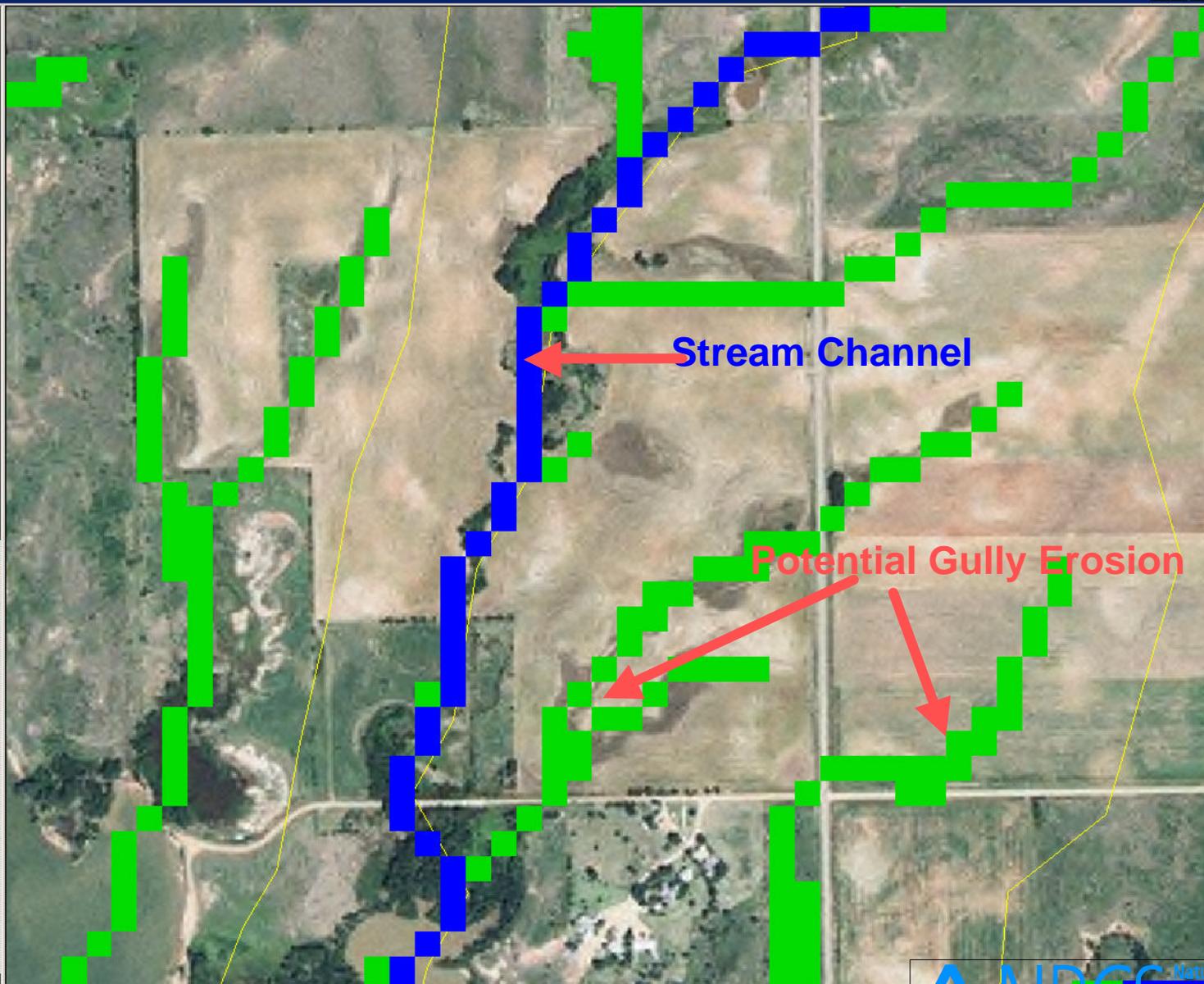


* Generate Potential Ephemeral Gully
* Digitize Gully Mouth
Create Ephemeral Gully Dataset



View1

- Edge_id.shp
- PotentialE@:1111
 - 1
 - No Data
- REGEM_Regem_id_300.shp
- REGEM_Regem_id_300.shp
- StreamGrd
- Merge1.shp
- EphGullysBasin
- EGsubBasin
 - 10001 - 10019
 - 10020 - 10037
 - 10038 - 10055
 - 10056 - 10073
 - 10074 - 10092
 - 10093 - 10110
 - 10111 - 10128
 - 10129 - 10146
 - 10147 - 10165
 - No Data
- REGEM_Regem_id_300.shp
- Regem_id_300.shp
- Subwta.shp
- EphGullysBasin
- Naip_1-1_2n_ks155_2004_1.sid
- Netful
- EGsubBasin
 - 10001 - 10026
 - 10027 - 10051
 - 10052 - 10077
 - 10078 - 10102
 - 10103 - 10128
 - 10129 - 10153
 - 10154 - 10179
 - 10180 - 10204
 - 10205 - 10230
 - No Data
- PotentialE@:1111
 - 1
 - No Data
- REGEM_Regem_id_150.shp
- Pont_slope_DEM_SUBSET



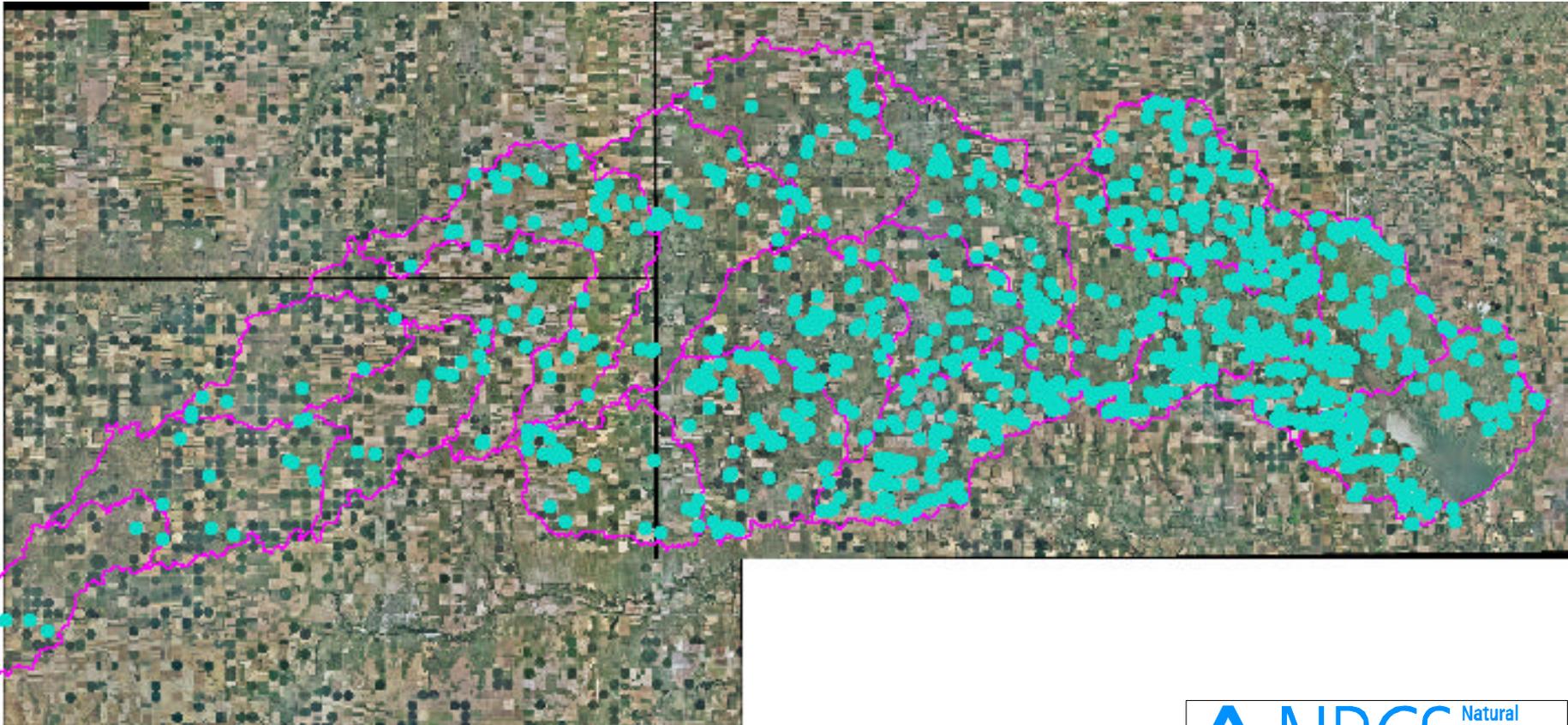


August 26, 2005



October 17, 2005

989 Tillage Induce Ephemeral Gully Erosion Locations in the Cheney Lake Watershed



EG Identification and TIEGEM

TIEGEM Requirements:

- Gully Mouth ID
- EG drainage area
- Slope of concentrated flow zone
- Critical shear stress at which gully begins
- Erodibility rate (based on soil properties)
- Receiving reach drainage area
- Delivery ratio (HUSLE)
- Manning's "n"



(Beta)EphemeralGully-AnnAGNPS 3.52

File Edit View Theme Analysis Surface Graphics Tools Window DEM Utilities AGNPS Data Prep AGNPS PL Model AGNPS Output AGNPS Analysis Model Help

Scale 1: 7,722 583,964.67 4,201,213.49

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STEP 1 Clip DEM
* Grid Statistics

STEP 2 Select Watershed Outlet
* Display Current Outlet of Watershed

STEP 3 Create TopAGNPS Input Files

STEP 4 Execute TopAGNPS

STEP 5 Execute AgFlow

STEP 6 Import TOPAGNPS *.arc Files
* Select Data Set
* Modify Stream Network Generation Parameters

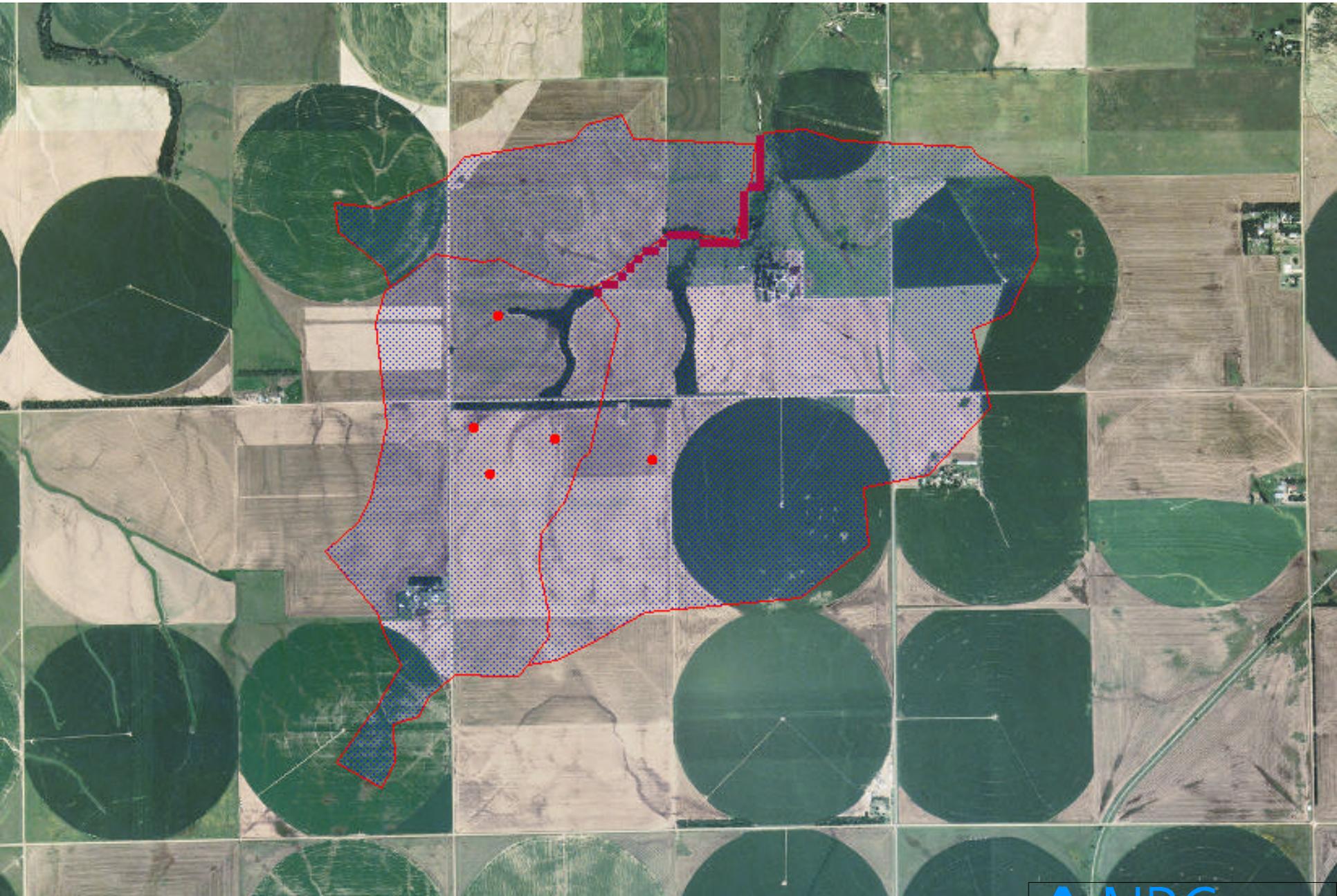
STEP 7 Intersect Cells with Soils Data

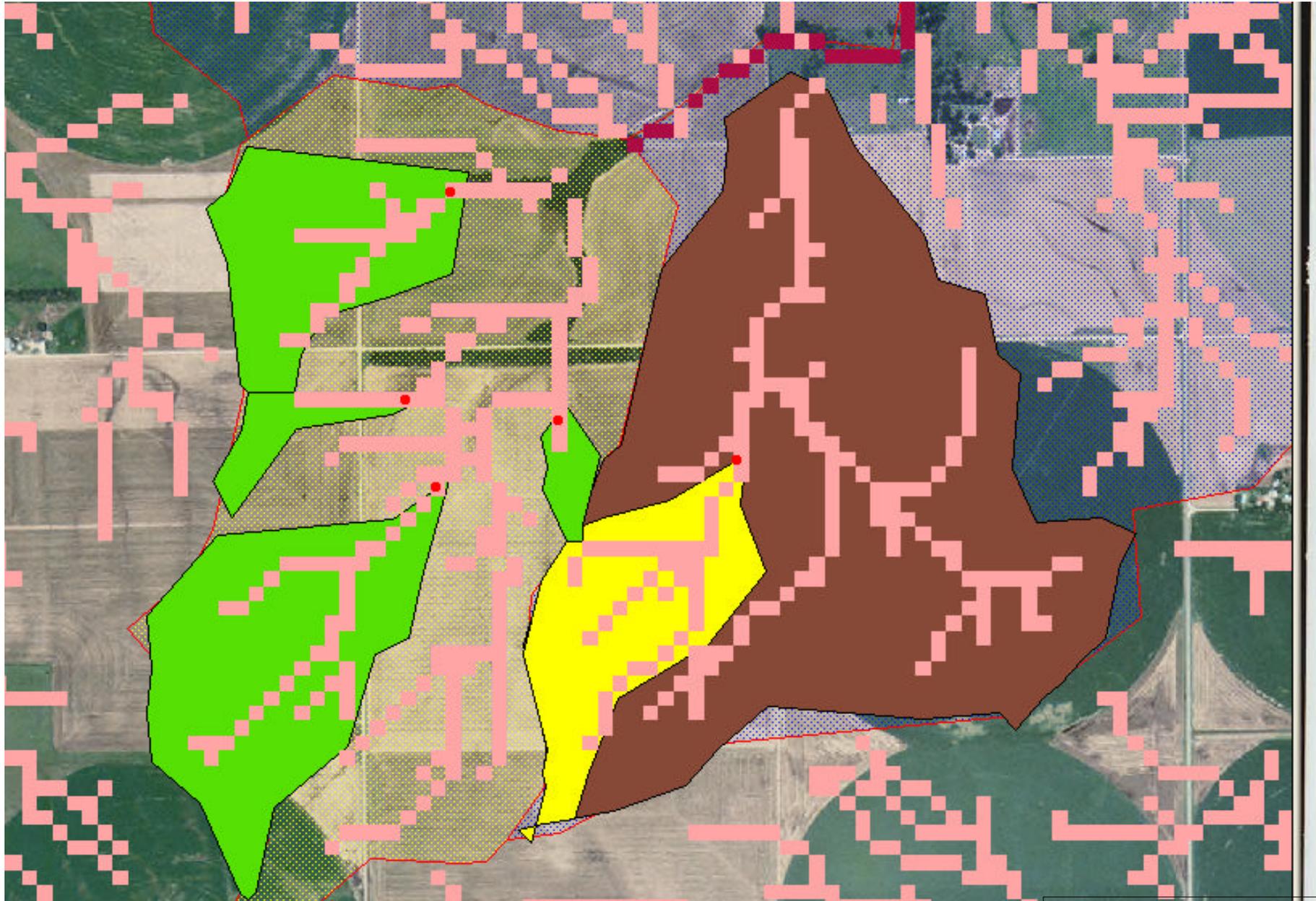
STEP 8 Intersect Cells with Field Data
* Intersect Climate Station Polygons
* Create Field Data
* Create Operation data

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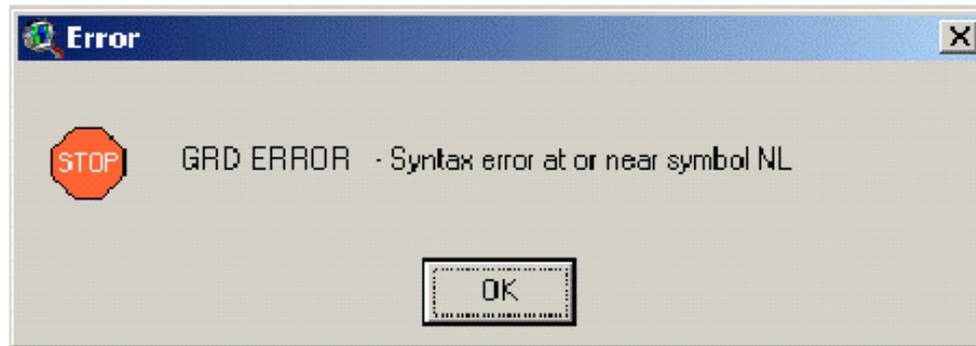
STEP 9 Extract Cell and Reach Data
* Execute VBFloNet
* Execute GEM

STEP 10 Generate Agnps Input file
* Export EphemeralGully data
* Input Editor

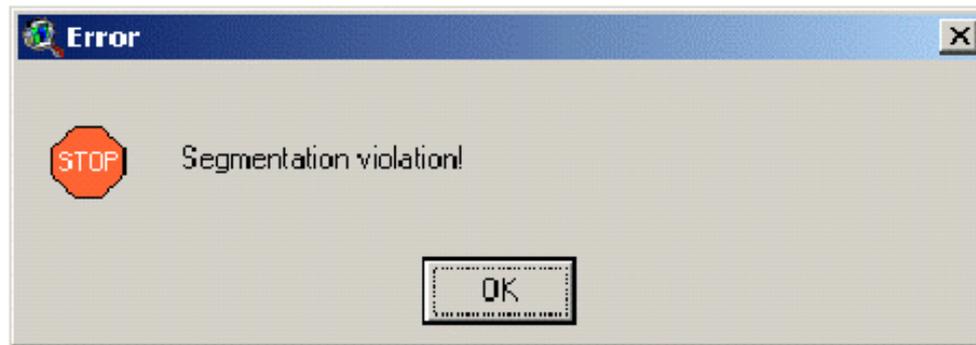




Problem: Extension crashes in mid-operation, producing an obscure message stating that there is a syntax error at or near symbol NL:



This is sometimes followed by the infamous Segmentation Violation message:



Sometimes ArcView crashes completely and vanishes without showing these messages; while other times it vanishes after showing these messages. Sometimes it keeps working in an unstable state.

Solution: There is no simple solution to this problem. It is due to a bug in Spatial Analyst which causes SA to crash after approximately 32,500 grid operations or if SA tries to hold > 50 grids in memory at one time. You can force the error to occur by writing a short script that checks the cell value at a particular point, then loops over 32,500 iterations. You can also trigger it by running the Zonal Statistics function on a point theme containing over 32,500 points or trying to do any grid operation that accesses > 50 grids.

(Beta)EphemeralGully-AnnAGNPS 3.52

File Edit Table Field XTools Window Help

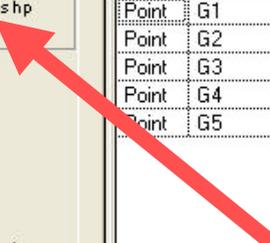
0 of 5 selected

View1

Attributes of REGEM_Gm_pt1.shp

Shape	ID	GMID	eph_id	cell_id	soil_id	drain_area	g_slope	cs_stress	er_rate	del_ratio	m_fld_id	reach_id
Point	G1	10001	C00021.G01	21	3534	62.93320	0.01035				wl	
Point	G2	10002	C00021.G02	21	3534	8.12970	0.00890				wl	
Point	G3	10003	C00021.G03	21	3533	4.91522	0.00803				wl	
Point	G4	10004	C00021.G04	21	3535	38.73860	0.00650				crpm	
Point	G5	10005	C00022.G01	22	3533	41.35650	0.01082				wl	

REGEM_Gm_pt1.shp



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Export EphemeralGully data

Input Editor

Watershed: 2KS_CEAP_0508_26

No. 989

Gullies:

The following field set repeats for the number of gullies (specified above). Multiple gullies for a cell should be grouped consecutively.

Ephemeral Gully ID: C00372.G02

1st Cell ID: 372

1st Cell Gully Drainage Area: 38.6258

2nd Cell ID:

2nd Cell Gully Drainage Area:

Reach ID:

Soil ID: 3535

Slope: 0.00714

Management Field ID: wmm

Calibration Factor:

Delivery Ratio:

Gully Mannings 'n':

Critical Shear Stress:

Erodibility Rate:

1st Cell Subcell Drainage Area: 173.99

Re-Plant Period:

Erosion Depth:

Current Gully:

Previous 41 Next

Insert Replicate Delete

Delete ALL Forget Accept

KS Cheney Lake Conservation Effects Assessment Program (CEAP) Scenarios

- 1. Baseline_No Conservation Treatment** - PreProgram – Existing landuse base; No Waterway; No terraces; No CRP; all cropland-conventional tillage; Range - 97 conditions
- 2. No Ephemeral Gully Erosion Treatment** - Ephemeral gully's treated – 97 conditions with no EG's; all Eg's receive erosion treatment.
- 3. Land Base all Cropland NoTill** - Conservation Tillage – 97 landuse base; No additional terraces; No additional EG treatment; all cropland with no-till treatment
- 4. Land Base all Cropland MulchTill** - Conservation Tillage – 97 landuse base; No additional terraces; No additional EG treatment; all cropland with mulch till treatment
- 5. Remove CRP** – Remove CRP from 97 landuse and replace with conventional tillage; add Ephemeral Gullies's in CRP
- 6. All Native Grass** - All Cheney Lake Watershed to Native grass
- 7. 97 current condition 70% irrigation soil moisture** - trigger for irrigation application – 50% soil moisture trigger for irrigation application.

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Questions?

Severe sheet and rill erosion on highly erodible soils in northwest Iowa after heavy rains. The spring rains fell on soils that had no protection against soil erosion.

